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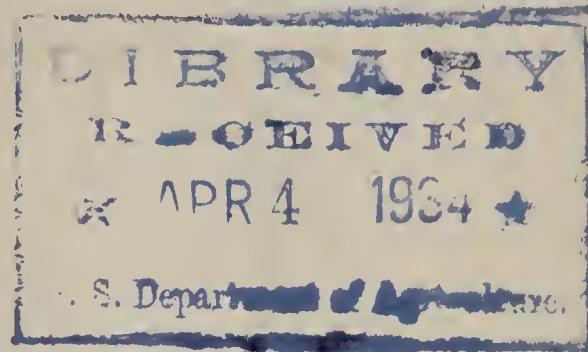
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SPRING 1934

SUPERIOR QUALITY

Fruit and
Ornamental Trees



VILLAGE NURSERIES

Certified and Registered Raspberries

Root Pruned and Sheared
Evergreens

Jos. H. Black, Son & Co.

HIGHTSTOWN, NEW JERSEY

When We Say SUPERIOR QUALITY

We mean just that and as you read you will know upon what grounds we base our claim and the common sense in our growing methods and in the planter buying it.

It **costs us more** and is **worth more** but because we sell direct it **costs you less**.

HOW TO ORDER

WRITE order very carefully and keep a copy.

SIGN your name with extra care. The best writers often dash off their signature so that it is difficult to be sure of the real spelling.

REMITTANCES should be made in some perfectly safe way.

We have made the prices so close to cost that we ask that all send remittances with order or when they are to be sent C.O.D. at least one-half the amount must accompany the order.

RESPONSIBILITY. We are responsible for only those orders placed directly with us.

WARNING TO PLANTERS

DO NOT USE ANY FERTILIZER OR MANURE when planting, if your ground is poor either broadcast it or apply it to the top of the ground after the trees are planted.

Dig a hole big enough to allow the roots to take their natural position, make it about six inches deeper than necessary.

Wet the roots of the tree immediately before planting.

Place the roots in the hole and fill about half full of loose top soil.

Pull the tree up until it is the same depth in the ground that it stood in the nursery row, tamp the soil firmly and then finish filling the hole and continue to tamp it until the last two inches which should be left loose.

DISTANCE TO SET STOCK

Apples, large growing varieties	36x36 ft.....	34 trees per acre
Apples, small growing varieties	30x30 ft.....	48 trees per acre
Pears, standard	24x24 ft.....	75 trees per acre
Peaches, Plums, Apricots	18x18 ft.....	135 trees per acre
Strong-Growing Cherries	20x20 ft.....	110 trees per acre
Duke and Morello Cherries	16x16 ft.....	170 trees per acre
Grapes	6x12 ft.....	600 vines per acre
Asparagus	1½x6 ft.....	4,840 roots per acre
Currants and Gooseberries	2x4 ft.....	5,450 bushes per acre
Raspberries, Blackberries	1x3 ft.....	2,420 plants per acre
Strawberries	1x3 ft.....	14,500 plants per acre

GUARANTEE AND CONDITION OF SALE

We have no connection whatever with any other nursery, and our responsibility extends only to the persons purchasing direct from us. We also disclaim any responsibility for failure arising from defective planting, or from subsequent faulty treatment or cultivation, and we are not in any respect responsible for any loss or damage arising from any failure therefrom.

While we exercise the greatest care to have all trees, shrubs and plants sold by us true to name and free from disease, and hold ourselves prepared to replace on proper proof, all that may prove to be otherwise, we do not give any warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to them; and all such goods are sold upon the express condition and understanding that in case any of them prove to be untrue to name, unhealthy or otherwise defective, we shall not be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of the goods.

CLAIMS.—All claims must be made immediately upon receipt of goods, at which time they will be carefully considered and adjusted,

APPLE TREES

SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

We use the best French Crab Seedlings possible to procure. They are budded, the buds are taken from selected bearing trees of known health, vigor and variety. They are grown on ground never used for growing apples before. They are dug when fully matured with an extra large tractor digger, insuring maximum root system. Every tree is individually inspected.

PLANTING DISTANCES varies according to soil and varieties. We will describe them as **upright** which can be planted as close as 24x24 feet which takes 75 trees per acre. **Moderate spread** 30x30 feet, taking 50 trees per acre, **spreading** 32x32 on ordinary soils, taking 43 trees and 36x36 on rich heavy soil, taking 34 trees per acre. When planting in a single row these distances can be shortened about four feet.

PRUNING THE TREES. Two-year-old trees should have all but three branches taken off and these cut back to within three to six inches of the main stem. One-year-old if over 3½ ft. high should be cut back to that height. In future years the plan should be to have no more than three main branches from each of which two are allowed to grow, from these form an open head through which sun and air reaches every part of the tree.

GENERAL LIST OF APPLES

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 year, extra large	\$.75	\$6.00	
2 year, 5 to 7 ft. ....	.50	3.00	\$22.00
2 year, 4 to 6 ft. ....	.40	2.50	17.00
1 year, 4 to 6 ft. ....	.40	2.50	18.00
3 to 4 ft. ....	.30	2.00	15.00

Parcel Post, one year at prices named above, postage C.O.D.

NAMED IN ORDER OF RIPENING

We think that this way of telling their time of ripening is the easiest understood and applies to all sections.

Yellow Transparent.—Earliest summer, waxen yellow, medium size, subacid. Upright tree, doing well anywhere but best on lighter soils.

Starr.—Early, profitable as a market apple, is large to very large, a splendid cooking apple. Is a good keeper and shipper; color greenish yellow, sometimes showing a red cheek, medium grower and does well on all soils.

Melba.—A seedling of McIntosh. Large, red, ripening very soon after Starr; high quality.

English Codling.—A very large green apple that the pie makers are using almost exclusively during the two weeks that its season covers. We recommend it as a market variety that you can plant anywhere even on low ground where no other variety will thrive, spreading, low branched.

Red Codling or

Monmouth Beauty.—The growth and appearance of the tree, shape, size and time of ripening of fruit is similar to Codling. Ripens just ahead of Wealthy, fruit large to very large; color is beautiful, red stripings and splashings over a yellow ground. Tree, spreading low growing, in one year olds only.

Wealthy.—Fall, almost entirely covered with red. Skin very smooth, flesh white large, fine quality for any purpose. Tree upright and is an early and heavy bearer on all soils but gives finest color on lighter soils.

Opalescent.—The most attractive variety of its season. The best very large apple we have ever grown. It is very attractive in color, being glossy, rich, solid red that covers almost the entire apple, the ground being a clear yellow.

Its size and color would sell it but its quality gets orders for the next day. As a baking apple it is unsurpassed.

Grimes Golden.—Late fall, golden yellow, medium size, highest quality for cooking and eating. Moderate spread, light or gravelly soils. This variety needs severe thinning both in trimming and of fruit.

McIntosh.—This great favorite in the market is a fall apple in central and southern Jersey. Its color is purplish red overlaying the yellow green ground. Quality the very highest; size medium to quite large; tree of moderate spread.

Lobo.—This is a seedling of McIntosh for which we have had many calls. We are sure from what we have heard of it that anyone contemplating McIntosh should use a part of their planting of this new and improved type of McIntosh.

Delicious.—Most people consider this the best of all eating apples. It is well and favorably known and therefore sells well. Almost or entirely red, large conical. Moderate spread, on any soil.

Richards Red Delicious.—The uneven coloring of Delicious on heavy or clay soils is well known.

We offer Richards Red Delicious after thorough tests as identical in every particular to Delicious except in coloring.

The color is good on all soils and much better than Delicious everywhere.

Reddest Delicious.—This is the variety sent out under a copyrighted name, while there seemed scarcely any difference between this and Richards yet we are growing and offering both as superior to the original Delicious for market purposes.

Orleans.—This is a seedling of Delicious that pleased us in every way. Its size and coloring was better than Delicious, the shape was identical and the surprise came in eating. It proved to be more juicy and snappy with a distinctly pleasant flavor prevailing over the Delicious characteristics, it is not a sweet apple, being slightly subacid.

Baldwin.—This apple in Jersey is usually classed as a fall or early winter apple. It bears young and if properly thinned both in trimming and fruit will bear a fine crop of very large apples. Fruit large to very large, red all over and good quality; tree spreading any soil.

Jonathan.—Winter, fair keeper, beautiful solid red, medium to large, very highest in quality and appearance. Tree rather moderate spread. Bears young any soil.

Smokehouse.—Large, shaded with bright red, firm, juicy and crisp. Tree large, spreading on any soil.



Richards Red Delicious



Red Rome

Rome Beauty.—As an early winter apple for New Jersey this has proven to be the most profitable. Its fine appearance and size always attracts the buyer. Color is bright red over a beautiful yellow ground, large to very large size; quality good, both for cooking and eating. Tree large, spreading, all soils, but gets its best color on light or gravelly ground.

Red Rome.—(Coxes).—Red, all over, large, good keeper, tree identical to Rome Beauty. Quality equal to and by some considered superior to Rome Beauty. We have seen two distinct types of Red Rome. One was too small to be desirable, the other one known as Coxes Red Rome is, we think, a better variety than Rome Beauty for the orchard.

Cortland.—This variety was sent out by the New York Experiment Station. Has all the good qualities of McIntosh together with increased hardiness, sturdiness of tree, and it has a better color, also is less liable to spray injury. It is later and better keeper. Tree spreading.

Staymans.—(Staymans Winesap).—After many years of growing this variety we still consider it the very best of all winter apples for market, home use and quality.

Fruit large, to very large, dark red, highest quality, late keeper. Tree hardy, regular bearer, needs thinning to keep from overbearing; spreading, any soil.

Mammoth Black Twig.—(Paragon).—It is more solid than Staymans, a brighter color and keeps very late in the ordinary cellar, a heavy cropper.

NEW APPLES

Macoun.—This is a true McIntosh type of deep red coloring ripening much later. We picked some from the trees after our Staymans and Paragon were picked and they came off hard and we kept samples on our office desk for six weeks and while they had dried out they still retained the splendid McIntosh quality.

They are fully as large as McIntosh and on heavy clay loam have splendid coloring and showed no russetting.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 year, 5 to 7 ft.,	60c	\$5.00	\$30.00
2 year, 4 to 6 ft.,	50c	4.00	22.50
1 year, 4 to 5 ft.,	40c	3.50	20.00
1 year, 3 to 4 ft.,	30c	2.50	15.00

Yellow Delicious.—We have fruited this type of Delicious in our orchards for several years and find it high quality apple that bears well every year commands a high price in the market. It is superior in quality to Delicious and does well everywhere. Tree upright.



Macoun

Each	Per 10	Per 100
60c	\$5.00	\$30.00
50c	4.00	22.50
40c	3.50	20.00
30c	2.50	15.00

Black's Stayman.—One limb on a Stayman tree year after year persists in being redder and completely covered all over and grafts from it carried out the characteristics. After testing we offer it as worth trying elsewhere.

Each	Per 10
75c	\$6.00
60c	5.00

MULBERRIES

As an attraction for birds because of its long season there is no fruit that equals it. Many people also enjoy this fruit.

Hicks Everbearing.—This is a strong growing attractive tree that bears great crops of large black fruit soon after planting.

4 to 5 ft., 65c each; 3 for \$1.75.

By Parcel Post at same prices, postage C.O.D.

Teas Weeping.—This is really an ornamental lawn tree but it bears great quantities of small black berries that are very sweet.

Strong 2 year heads, \$1.75 each; 2 for \$3.00.

For those who call at the nursery price is 50c less per tree.

PEACH TREES SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

We grow them on ground never used for orchards and not for nursery for twelve years. This takes a lot of ground but it pays you. The Peach Seed are from the mountains of Tennessee where they grow wild and live to be very old.

These seed are stratified in sand before planting and only the kernels are planted. This method insures the best possible root system.

Buds are taken from healthy trees only.

They are dug with a tractor digger and have fully matured before being dug.

Our list of varieties include only such kind as are profitable for market and best for home use.

Soils best adapted for growing peaches are: Sand, Sandy Loam, Gravel, Clay-Loam with sand or gravel subsoil, or well drained shale.

Location of orchards should be carefully considered. The soil must be naturally or artificially well drained and a north or west slope is preferable to a southern exposure.

Planting Distances depend some upon the nature of the soil. We seldom recommend planting closer than 18x18 feet which takes 135 trees per acre. On very rich sandy loam we prefer 20x20 and it takes 110 trees per acre.

Pruning.—Cut back when planting large trees to 24 inches and small trees to 12 inches and cut off all branches. Never fail to cut them back, as they do not do well unless you do. Allow three branches only to grow, selecting them so they will form a good shaped tree. In future years cut back all young growth at least two-thirds of the growth and keep the inside of the tree open and the top rather low. As the trees get older renew the main branches by dehorning one.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
5 to 7 ft., extra large and heavy	\$.50	\$ 4.00	
4 to 6 ft., 9-16 inch caliper .....	.35	3.00	\$ 17.00
3½ to 5 ft., first-class .....	.30	2.50	15.00
3 to 4 ft., medium .....	.25	2.00	12.50
2 to 3 ft., some branches .....	.20	1.50	10.00

By Parcel Post, cut back ready to plant, at above prices, postage C.O.D.

Varieties Named in Order of Ripening

✓ **Maules Early.**—Red with skin almost entirely covered with red, medium, fair quality, half cling and the earliest of all peaches. Its extreme earliness, hardness in bud (never missing a crop) and fine in color, make it a very desirable market variety.

Cumberland. — A seedling of Belle crossed with Greensboro. Large oval, white-fleshed, usually free. Ripens a few days before Carman. Recommended as a variety to precede the Carman season.

Golden Jubilee.—Without question the Golden Jubilee is the best peach of recent introduction.

This variety was propagated by cross-pollination by the New Jersey Experimental Station and this is what they say about it. It is similar to Elberta in tree habit and form and appearance of the fruit. It is essentially an early Elberta.

It is certainly a fine, early, yellow freestone, ripening at a time which assures it a splendid market.



Golden Jubilee

Kathryn.—It bears very young; three-year-old trees were loaded with fruit and it shows a lot of fruit buds on one-year-old stock in the nursery row. The fruit is large, slightly elongated, very regular in size and shape, making a splendid appearing peach. It is perfect freestone. Its season of ripening is along with the last of Carman but extends over a slightly longer period. The color is clear cream-tinted white overspread with a beautiful pink which is a very deep shade on the sunny side.

Eclipse.—“A self-pollinated seedling of Belle. A dark red, yellow-fleshed texture and good flavor, ripening with Hiley. Size equal to Hiley, tree more vigorous. Fruit oval, flesh grained, excellent shipper, hangs to the tree well.”

Belle of Georgia.—The Elberta furnished a new type of early, regular and heavy bearing yellow peaches which has never been equalled for shipping and profit, the Belle of Georgia is just as distinctive in the white varieties. It is of large size, uniform in shape and very showy. Quality is good to excellent. It comes into bearing young and is prolific and picks over an extended period, finishing just as Elberta begins.

Elberta.—Very large, skin golden yellow and where exposed to the sun, faintly striped with red, flesh yellow, very fine grain, juicy rich, sweet and splendidly flavored; tree very prolific and presents a handsome appearance and a luxuriant growth. It is a perfect freestone and one of the most successful market varieties. Does well anywhere.

Hale.—This has proven itself to be a remarkable variety wherever it has been planted. It ripens with and after Elberta. It is yellow with a bright red cheek, clear yellow flesh of high quality. Fruit is high quality. Tree is of rather dwarf bushy habit. Fruit is very large.

Brackett.—Ripens after Elberta is finished, extending the yellow peach season. It is a deep yellow, well shaded with carmine, entirely free and because of its splendid quality and season it always is profitable for market and desirable for the home.

Salberta.—A splendid large yellow peach that is similar to Roberta but slightly later.

Wilma.—A large, late yellow peach similar, in shape and color, to Elberta but ripens fully two weeks later.

Iron Mountain.—Pure white, white skin sometimes has a slight blush. Large to very large, egg-shaped, free, of the very highest quality. The best canning peach ever grown as well as the best eating variety. Hardy in bud.

Krummels.—A hardy peach of good quality. Flesh yellow, skin light orange with a bright red cheek. Preferable to Salway with which variety it ripens. A very desirable market variety.

NUT TREES SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

We handle nothing but grafted trees which are sure to bear good, large, easy cracking nuts when quite young.



English Walnut

English Walnuts.—This well known nut is hardy as far north as New York City and bears well.

4 to 5 ft. grafted Mayette, hardy and quick bearing, \$3.00 each.

Black Walnuts.—There is no other nut tree that will bear as soon and so many nuts.

Our stock is Thomas grafted, the nuts of which are large and the meat can be easily removed with the fingers when properly cracked.

4 to 5 ft. Thomas grafted, \$3.50 each.

CHERRY TREES SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

They are all on Mazzard stocks which is much more expensive but the best, in fact, for sweet varieties the only one that is successful. The sour varieties also live much longer on Mazzards and bear better fruit.

SWEET CHERRIES ON MAZZARD ROOTS

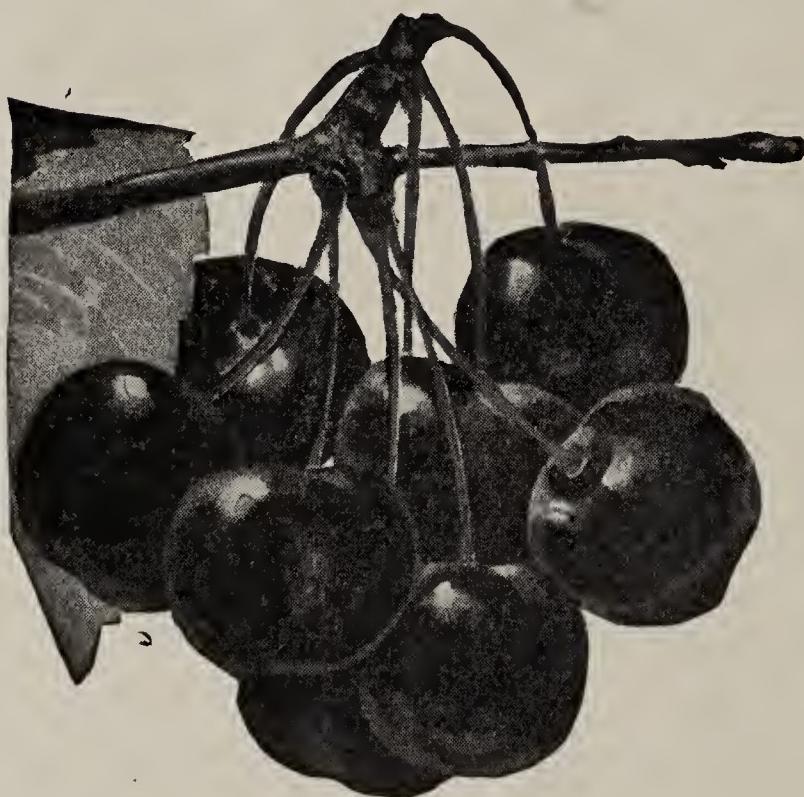
Sweet cherries are Hearts or Bigarreaus and are strong upright growers. Set 36 feet apart.

Our sweet cherries are budded on MAZZARD stock. Ninety per cent. of the cherries offered for sale are worked on Mahaleb and we have found such trees to be almost worthless and very short lived.

Prove this by getting N. Y. Experiment Station Bulletin No. 544.

5 to 6 feet, **75c** each; 3 for **\$1.75**; **\$5.00** per 10.

By Parcel Post at above prices, postage C.O.D.



Mercer

firm and fairly juicy, quality very good, productive. It is very dark red, almost black and keeps better than most cherries.

Black Tartarian. — It is the old standard black cherry, juicy and excellent quality. Large.

Gov. Wood. — A yellow variety having a bright red cheek, flesh is firm.

Mercer. — A large dark red cherry of finest quality, very hardy and the best of all for canning. The best of them all.

Napoleon. — A light red and yellow cherry of large size.

Rockport. — Large, pale amber with clear red, very handsome and excellent. Good bearer, early.

Schmidts. — Another dark red cherry of great hardiness and fine quality.

Yellow Spanish. — An amber cherry with a bright red cheek, its solid flesh make it a fine canning variety.

Windsor. — Fruit large, round very

firm and fairly juicy, quality very good, productive. It is very dark red, almost black and keeps better than most cherries.

SOUR CHERRIES

ON MAZZARD ROOTS

This class are of dwarf spreading habit. They bear young and regularly. Set 16 feet apart, 170 tree to the acre.

50c each; 3 for **\$1.25**; **\$3.00** per 10.

By Parcel Post at above prices, postage C.O.D.

Early Richmond. — An early bright red variety of medium size, very prolific and profitable for market.

Large Montmorency. — A large cherry which when fully ripe is not sour as some others. Larger and later than Early Richmond and better quality.

PEAR TREES

BLIGHT RESISTANT
SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

THEY ARE GROWN ON USSURIENSIS STOCK

The one great drawback to growing pears has been blight. For years experiments with methods of growing and stocks have been conducted and now after a pretty fair test it has been proven that the trees grown on Ussuriensis stock are blight resistant enough to warrant planting pears extensively again.

2 year, extra fine on Ussuriensis stock, **75c** each; 3 for **\$1.75**; 10 for **\$5.00**.
By Parcel Post at above prices, postage C.O.D.

Bartlett.—Everyone knows this fine, midsummer pear of splendid eating, cooking and canning qualities.

Beurre Bosc. — A large, fine pear, russety, yellow, slight brownish red in the sun; flesh white, melting, juicy, productive.

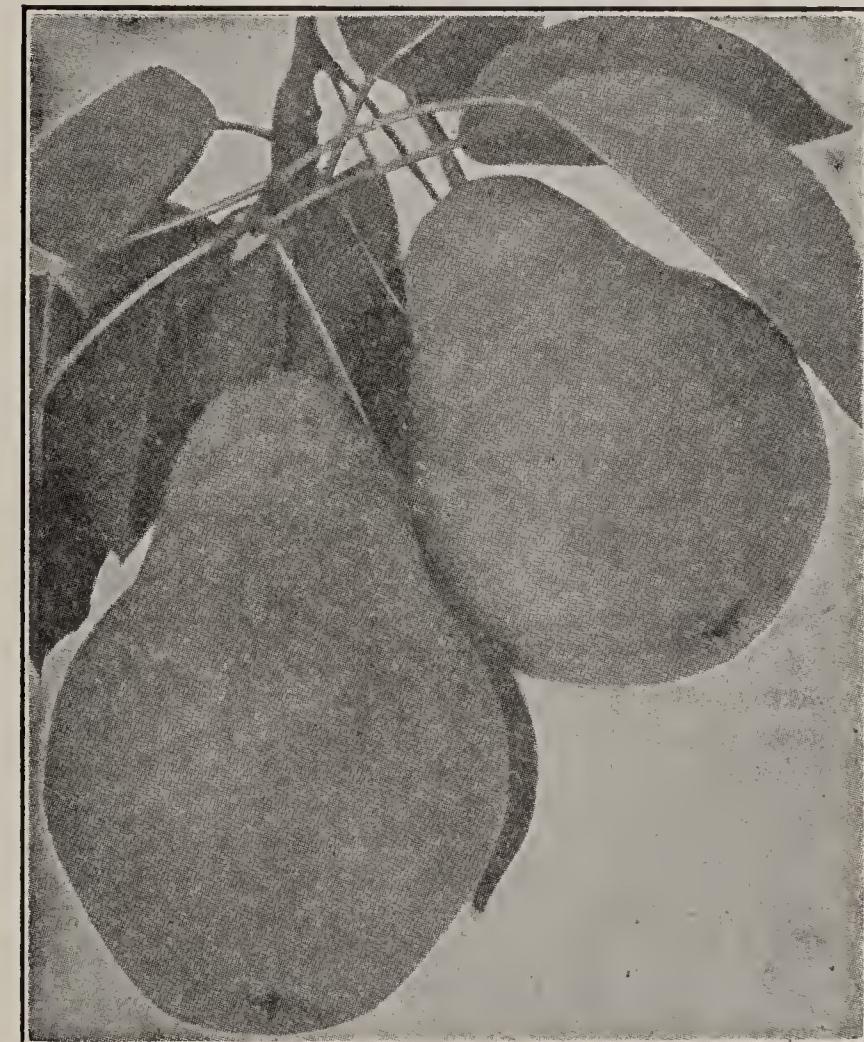
Beurre d'Anjou.—Is later than Bartlett, of good quality; is greenish russeted variety.

Clapp's Favorite.—Earlier than Bartlett yellow with red cheek.

Keiffer. — While not as high quality as some others it bears well and with proper care of the fruit it is very delicious and juicy, splendid for cooking and canning.

Seckle. — A small russeted variety of highest quality and very sweet.

Sheldon.—A large rough coated russeted pear that is very juicy and good quality.



Bartlett

ASPARAGUS

	Per 100	Per 300	Per 1000
1 year	\$1.50	\$2.25	\$6.00
2 year	1.75	3.50	8.00

By Parcel Post at above prices, postage C.O.D.

Never put deeper than eight inches below the ground level, cover one inch with soil and two inches over that with manure, never putting manure below or directly on top of the roots. Plant one foot apart for home use. For market 6 feet by 18 inches, making 4,800 roots per acre.

Palmetto.—The best of all the older varieties, producing fine large, green stalks, in great quantity and fine quality.

Washington.—A new variety sent out by the Federal Bureau of Plant Industry as being the most rust resistant variety yet known, very similar in growth and size to Palmetto.

PLUM TREES SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

They are on Myrabolan stock which is superior to others in every way. There are two classes of Plums. Japan varieties are early bearers, often bearing at three years old. They are not as hardy in the far north as the European varieties, neither are they as long lived. European Plums take much longer to bear and are not as prolific but are of higher quality. Set 16 feet apart.

60c each; 3 for **\$1.50**; 10 for **\$4.00**.

By Parcel Post at above prices, postage C.O.D.

EUROPEAN PLUMS

Bradshaw.—A large, early, dark purplish red variety of good quality.

German Prune.—Fruit oval in shape, nearly two inches long of good quality for the table and much esteemed for drying and preserving; hangs long on the tree and is firm, sweet and pleasant.

Grand Duke.—A very handsome plum, especially valuable for the market. It resembles Bradshaw in size and color, being very large and of fine dark violet red.

Lombard.—Medium, round, oval, violet red, juicy, pleasant and good, adheres to the stone, productive. A valuable market variety, one of the most hardy.

Reine Claude.—A large, fine variety, skin greenish yellow, covered with thick bloom; flesh yellow, juicy melting, with a rich, sugary, excellent flavor.

For New Jersey we consider this the best market plum we have ever grown.

JAPAN PLUMS

Abundance.—A fine yellow plum of excellent quality, ripens early. While the skin is yellow, it is often almost covered with a bright carmine.

Burbank.—Later than the Abundance, round, yellow, partially covered with red, flesh is yellow and is an excellent canning variety.

RHUBARB

Rhubarb.—Myatt's Linneaus variety is the best and divided roots are superior to seedlings. Our stock is an extra large strain.

Divided roots, **25c** each; 3 for **60c**; **\$1.50** per 10.

BLACKBERRIES

For canning and eating it provides a very healthy and delicious food supply. Plant 3 by 6 feet for market, taking 2,420 to the acre, and in the garden plant 2 feet apart for single rows.

We have dropped all but one variety for this section.

BEST OF ALL

Among blackberries this variety is exactly what the name says it is. Even during the past summer it was a profitable crop.

Truckers know well that 1932 and 1933 were not years that helped the pocket-book and yet Best of All Blackberries and Latham Raspberries did show some good profits.

The plant is a strong, vigorous, upright grower with strong stems. The berries are large, very black, juicy and without hard core.

50c per 10, postpaid; **\$2.50** per 100; **\$15.00** per 1,000, by express.

By Parcel Post at same prices, postage C.O.D.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

Our plants are grown solely for plants. Therefore they are all young plants. When plants are dug from the middles of fruiting beds, all the best plants are left for fruiting and you get the poorest.

This most delicious of all fruits is the most easily grown, costs least to start and grow and gives the quickest results.

In a garden they should be planted one foot apart and the rows not closer than three feet apart. For market they should be planted one foot or fifteen inches apart in the row and we prefer 4 feet but some put them 3 feet, others $3\frac{1}{2}$.

Set 1 x 3 ft., it takes 14,500 plants per acre; 1 x 4 ft., 10,900; 15 in. x 3 ft., 11,600; 1 x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 13,850; 15 in. x $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 9,950; 15 in. x 4 ft., 8,700.

The prices by express per 500 and 1,000 are after each variety; also can be sent by Parcel Post, postage C.O.D.

NEW VARIETIES

Dorsett.—A U. S. Department of Agriculture seedling along with Fairfax selected as the best of thousands of seedlings. As large as Chesapeake, a good plant maker and tremendous cropper. Season, very early, color medium red which is very attractive to those who like the lighter color. Is a good shipper and sells at top prices.

25 plants for **40c**; 50 for **75c**; 100 for **\$1.25**; 1,000 for **\$9.00**.

Fairfax.—Another U. S. Department of Agriculture seedling, larger than Chesapeake and of better quality than Dorsett with which variety it ripens and the choice between them is one of color only. The Fairfax is a darker red. Every lover of strawberries knows that the darker berries are generally the sweetest.

Fairfax is the firmest of all varieties and along with its ability to size up and set fruit under the most unfavorable conditions makes it especially valuable both for home and market. For home it is decidedly our choice of all early varieties.

25 for **40c**; 50 for **75c**; 100 for **\$1.25**; 1,000 for **\$9.00**.

Southland.—Another new U. S. Department of Agriculture seedling which has proven it to be best of all strawberries in the south. It is early, attractive and of high quality and we certainly believe it worth trying out as a garden berry.

25 for **30c**; 50 for **50c**; 100 for **80c**.

STANDARD Varieties

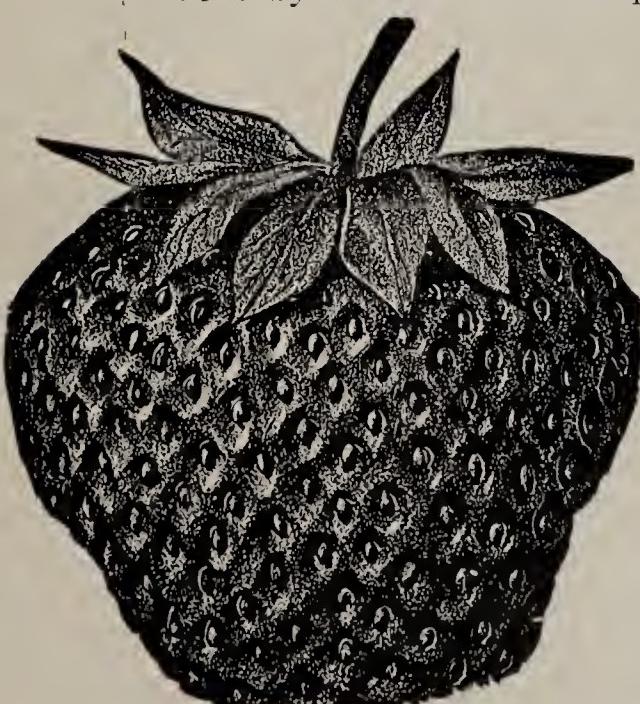
35c per 25; **50c** for 50; **75c** for 100. Postpaid.

500 and 1,000 lots quoted under each variety to be sent by express, or if sent by Parcel Post the postage will be C.O.D.

Joe.—(Perfect Bloom).—Season medium to late. Plant is unusually vigorous and long lived, foliage is healthy. Productive, and carries its fruit well. Fruit large to very large, and continues large to the end of the season; firm. In form it is obtuse conical and very uniformly large in size; red with red flesh; quality good. **\$2.50** per 500; **\$4.00** per 1,000.

Premier.—(Perfect Bloom).—An extra early variety, ripening just after Campbells. Berry is large with a green cap that retains its freshness, quality is among the best; the color is glossy bright red; flesh is red. Plants are very productive and very vigorous, holding up the berries well to the last picking; foliage is all that can be desired for health and vigor.

\$2.50 per 500; **\$4.00** per 1,000.



Joe

Blakemore.—(Perfect Bloom).—Is a very early perfect flowering variety, originated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. A strong, healthy plant grower, fruit medium in size with extra good quality. Color, a rich, bright red, slightly pointed resembling the parent plant Premier. We recommend it for both home use and commercial use. Its good quality and great productiveness is sure to make it profitable.

\$2.50 per 500; \$4.00 per 1,000.

Chesapeake.—(Perfect Bloom).—It is a leading standard variety. A strong, hardy grower, making large plants. Fruit large to extra large, firm and good quality.

\$3.00 per 500; \$5.00 per 1,000.

Success.—(Perfect Bloom).—Early, large firm, bright crimson, being very early and prolific. The plant is exceptionally vigorous and strong.

Wm. Belt.—(Perfect Bloom).—Next to Joe we consider this the best flavored of all strawberries. Like Joe it has increased in favor with years. If you desire fancy berries for home use or market, this variety should be included in your plantings. A medium late variety of large size and bright red color.

\$2.50 per 500; \$4.00 per 1,000.

CURRANTS

They should be planted on ground, made rich with manure, about 2 feet apart and rows 4 feet apart, taking 5450 plants per acre.

Wilder.—The best of all red varieties for general use and market. It is productive, healthy and has good picking stems, also is large and fine colored.

2 year, 15c each; \$1.00 per 10, postpaid; \$8.00 per 100, express.

Fays Prolific.—A rather dwarf grower but produces splendid bunches of fine large red fruit.

2 year, 20c each; \$1.25 per 10, postpaid.

GOOSEBERRIES

As a market fruit there are few crops that are more profitable. Either fresh or canned, it makes splendid sauces and pies. They should be planted 2 feet apart in the row and the rows 4 feet apart, taking 5,450 plants to the acre.

2 year, 15c each; \$1.25 per 10; \$9.00 per 100.

Columbus.—Fruit very large, green, inclined to straw color, of excellent flavor.

Downing.—Fruit medium to large; flesh soft, juicy, and tender; flavor just barely sour; quality good.

Red Jacket (Josselyn).—The leading red variety. Berries medium to large; flesh pulpy and juicy; flavor good. For canning or making jams and jellies, we recommend Josselyn.

BLACK CAP RASPBERRIES SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

Our plants are from disease-free, registered stock, which insures better stands and yields, long life and better and larger fruit giving better profits therefore satisfaction.

They are registered under the Ohio Small Fruit Improvement Association, Inc. In 1932 they sold 88 bushels per acre from their plantation of Cumberland.

Cumberland.—The standard mid-season black-cap for home and commercial use in most localities. The berries are large, attractive, conical, firm and of excellent quality; rich and sweet. The plants are vigorous and hardy and very productive throughout a long picking season.

Plum Farmer.—An early black-cap ripening about one week before the Cumberland. Fruit large, broadly rounded and firm, of good quality. The plants are vigorous and very hardy; productive, especially at the first two or three pickings.

25 for \$1.00; 50 for \$1.50; 100 for \$2.50; 1,000 for \$20.00.

These prices are low considering the quality of the stock offered.

RED RASPBERRY PLANTS SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

Our red varieties are grown for plants only on fields not used for that purpose for several years and remote from any fruiting plants that might breed disease. They are twice inspected and pronounced free of disease. They are dug with a power digger and carefully graded. Spade dug plants from fruiting patches have been so unsatisfactory to our customers that we do not handle them any more. If you want good results use these disease-free and extra well rooted plants direct from the introducer in Minnesota for whom we are authorized distributors of Latham and Chief.

60c per 10; **\$2.50** per 100. Postpaid.

50c per 10; **\$2.00** per 100; **\$15.00** per 1000, by express.

LATHAM (Redpath Strain)

Big, luscious, prolific and profitable. Recommended throughout the state.

In appearance, it excels all others. It holds up well. It bears 50% more per acre than any other variety yet known. It sells for higher prices than any other.

We recommend it as being the best Red Raspberry we have ever fruited or seen. Every customer who has brought plants from us give it the highest praise and every year increases its popularity with us.

Upon request we will send a folder with colored plates showing the size and color of the fruit and many recommendations from the best authorities.

We are direct distributors in New Jersey by authority of the original growers who send us certified plants.

2,000 for **\$28.00**.



Latham

shoots produce a crop of quite large fruit which is delicious.

QUINCES

They are very much used for jellies and preserves and for flavoring. They succeed best on soil that is moist and rich. They need severe pruning, cutting off nearly all the new growth, thereby forcing a lot of new growth from which it sends its blossom buds. Set 12 feet apart.

Two year, extra fine, **75c** each; 3 for **\$2.00**.

Meeches.—Medium to large, good quality.

Orange.—Medium to small, fine grained and splendid quality.

Raes Mammoth.—Large, midseason, fine quality and one of the best.

Chief. — Plants are very hardy, vigorous and productive, resistant to diseases that attack others. Fruit medium size round to slightly thimble shaped of bright attractive red, does not crumble, flesh firm, juicy, sweet, of high quality. Early.

St. Regis. — (Red). — This red variety is known as an Everbearing. It is very early medium in size of good quality. Late in summer and during the fall the young

GRAPES

On an arbor, plant no closer than 10 feet and the rows should be at least 6 feet apart. For vineyards plant 8 feet by 12 feet, which takes 450 plants per acre. In pruning cut back hard every year, leaving no more than two eyes on the new growth and leave no closer than one foot apart on one stem. The less branches there are the larger the bunches of berries will be. Cultivate well but do not fertilize very much.

In planting, cut back the top to two eyes and cut the roots back to within three inches of the old cutting and use no manure or fertilizer in the holes.

Prices—unless otherwise quoted.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
1 year	15c	40c	\$1.10
2 year	20c	50c	1.50

By Parcel Post postpaid at above prices any point east of the Mississippi.

Brighton.—Early, large clusters, sweet, rich, and finest quality. Berry large, wine red with abundant bloom. Bunch of good size, compact and good form. Ripens in advance of Concord. Vine a very strong vigorous grower, healthy and prolific.

Caco.—A new grape of high quality and luscious flavor. Vine vigorous and healthy. A handsome large red variety. 30c each; 3 for 80c, postpaid.

Campbell's Early.—Black, large, early; large bunches; best early black variety.

Concord.—Black, large, mid-season, large bunches. The most popular of all varieties, everywhere for all purposes.

2 yr., \$5.00 per 100;

1 yr., \$4.00 per 100.

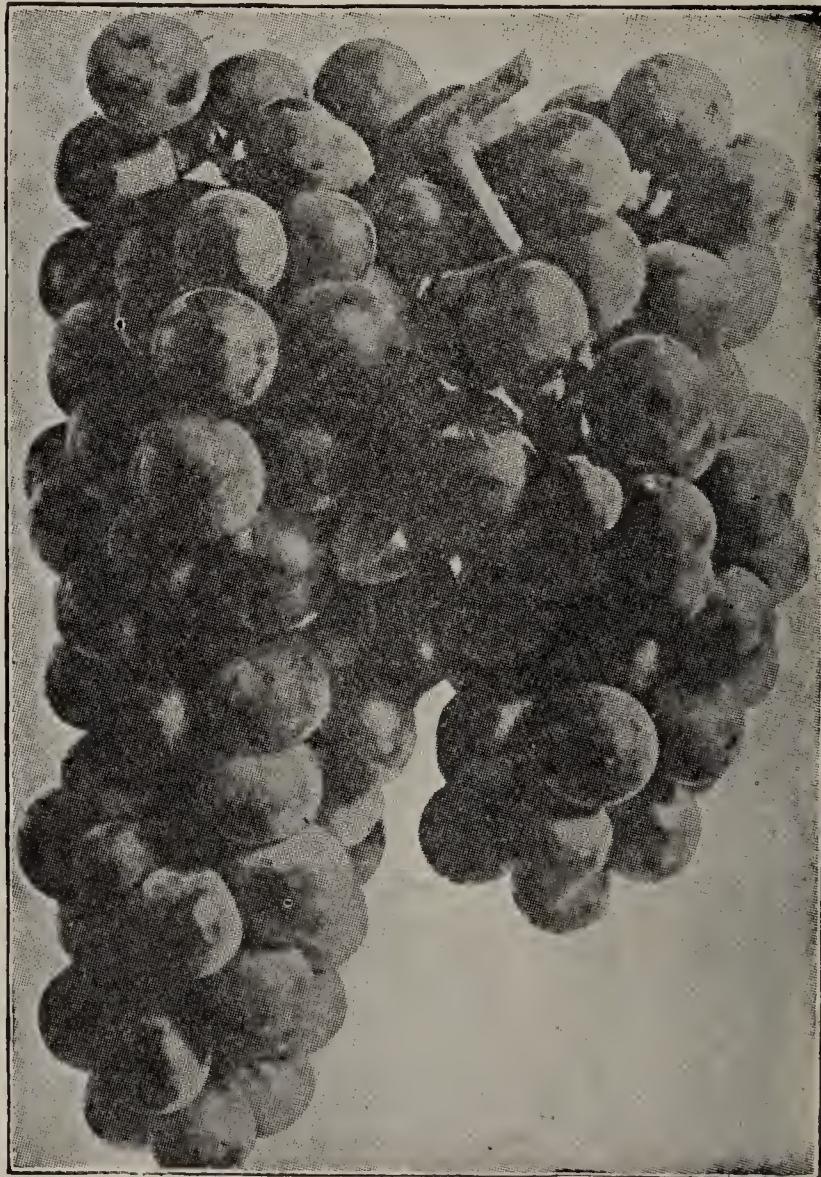
For Concord only.

Delaware.—Red, small, mid-season; large, compact shouldered bunches; sweet and fine.

Niagara.—White, large, late; extra large shouldered compact bunches, slightly aromatic. The best white variety for market.

Portland.—White, the earliest of all grapes. Large bunch and berry; flesh sweet, juicy, and of fine flavor. A valuable early grape for home gardens.

Worden.—Black, very large, ripens just ahead of Concord; bunch large and compact. Sweet and fine, one of the best.



Concord

GRAPES, Small Garden Collection

4 vines—1 Brighton, 2 Concord, and 1 Niagara, express, 40c; parcel post, 45c.

Family Grape Collection

1 Portland, 1 Campbell Early, 1 Brighton, 1 Worden, 2 Concord, and 1 Niagara. 7 Grape Vines by express, 85c; parcel post, \$1.00.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

**Norway Maple**

Height	Caliper	Each	Per 2	Per 16
12 ft.	3 inch	\$5.00	\$9.50	
11-12 ft.	2½ inch	4.00	7.50	\$35.00
10-11 ft.	2¼ inch	3.50	7.00	30.00
9-10 ft.	2 inch	3.00	5.00	22.00
8-9 ft.	1½ inch	2.25	4.00	15.00
8 ft.	1¼ inch	1.75	3.00	12.00

FLOWERING CRABS

Everyone admires apple blossoms and these are more colorful and fragrant and many varieties bear small fruit which hangs on well in winter.

3 to 4 ft., \$1.00 each. By Parcel Post at same price, postage C.O.D.

We have an assortment of varieties embracing different colors in leaf, flowers and fruit.

RED FLOWERING DOGWOOD

Cornus Florida Rubra.—This beautiful pink Dogwood is our most attractive flowering tree. The flowers persist for a long time and the foliage is the most beautiful of all trees in fall and early winter, and is justly popular.

3 ft., \$1.50 each; 4 ft. \$2.00 each; 5 ft., full of buds, \$4.00 each.

Cornus Florida.—White flowering Dogwood. This tree is too well known to need any description. Our stock is nursery grown, twice transplanted and very bushy, they will be sure to grow and be an ornament.

5 to 6 ft., \$1.00 each; 3 for \$2.00.

Cut-Leaf Weeping Birch.—An English Birch with drooping branches from a straight upright stem which as it ages becomes snow white. The leaves are finely cut, a most attractive tree. 9 to 10 ft., transplanted, \$3.50.

They are young and thrifty, grown far enough apart to make good heads, are transplanted frequently to develop exceptional root system, and in every sense as good as can be grown.

European Mountain Ash.—Particularly suited to small lawn. Hardy and ornamental with handsome foliage and showy red berries. We recommend this very strongly. 8 to 9 ft., \$1.50 each; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each.

Norway Maples.—(Acer Platanoides).—We consider this the best of shade trees.

Without doubt the Norway Maples are considered everywhere the best street trees. The trees offered by us are splendid young stock that will give far better results than inferior trees that have not been transplanted for many years.

Our trees are young, thrifty, well branched and extra fine rooted. You cannot help being well pleased with them.

FLOWERING CHERRIES

Our trees will bloom the first year.

These beautiful flowering trees are attracting their well deserved attention and sufficient demand has warranted us in growing five of the best varieties and you will find our prices reasonable. Nationally admired at Washington, D. C.

4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

Fugenzo.—(J. H. Veitch).—Crimson buds, deep pink double flowers.

Kofugen.—Double, deep, pink, crimson buds.

Kwansan.—Compact grower with red buds that open deep pink.

Weeping Double Flowering.—5 ft. stems, \$2.50 each; deep pink.

Single Flowering Weeping.—5 ft. stems, \$1.50 each; light pink, very early.

MAGNOLIAS

We have young grafted trees transplanted that will bloom within two years, after transplanting. Some bloomed last year.

18 to 24 in., \$2.00 each; 2 ft., \$2.50; 3 ft., \$3.00 each.

Magnolia Soulangeana.—A rather bushy, low branched tree that is covered with blooms before the leaves appear. The flowers are large purplish pink on the outside and white inside.

Magnolia Soulangeana Nigra. — Similar to the above with purple cup shaped flowers. They are very attractive against the glossy green foliage. Strong growers and very hardy. These have flower buds now.

Magnolia Stellata.—(Star Magnolia).—Low bushy tree or shrub that blooms very early, pure white, showy flowers in great profusion, quite fragrant.

15 in., \$2.00 each; 18 in., \$2.50 each, with flower buds.

Oriental Plane.—The fastest grower of all the good hardy shade trees making it very popular, for the seashore it has no competitor and for poor soil no variety is its equal. The growth is spreading and makes good round head.

8 to 10 ft., \$1.50 each; 10 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in., \$2.00 each.

Lombardy Poplars.—Upright slender branched trees used as backgrounds, they are branched to the ground. The tree is becoming more popular each year.

9 to 10 ft., \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10.

Teas Weeping Mulberry. — (Morus Alba Pendula). — A true weeping tree, they are grafted 4 to 5 feet from the ground and they form from that point a round head of many branches which droop to the ground. The fruit is abundant and sweet. Our trees are the best we ever saw.

2 year heads, \$1.75 each; 2 for \$3.00, by express.

At the nursery, 50c each less than above prices.

Weeping Willows.—(Babylon Weeping).—6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each.

American Elm.—10 to 12 ft., \$2.00 each; 12 to 14 ft., \$3.00 each.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Our stock is all fresh dug and extra well rooted and we gladly help you select the kinds best suited for your purpose. We are marking varieties dwarf, medium and tall so that you may know the proper ones to plant as background and those that should be in the foreground.

Everything on this page by Parcel Post at prices quoted, postage C.O.D.

Almond, Double Flowering, Pink and White.—They bear the best rose colored and white blossoms, respectively, in great profusion in early spring. Dwarf.

2 to 3 ft., 60c each; one each of pink and white for \$1.00.

Althea, Rose of Sharon.—We can furnish these in white, red, purple and pink double flowering. Tall upright. 3 ft., 30c each; one of each color for \$1.00.

Berberis Thunbergii.—Its beautiful pendulous habit and fine showing of bright red berries make it attractive for clumps and borders. Low and bushy.

15 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

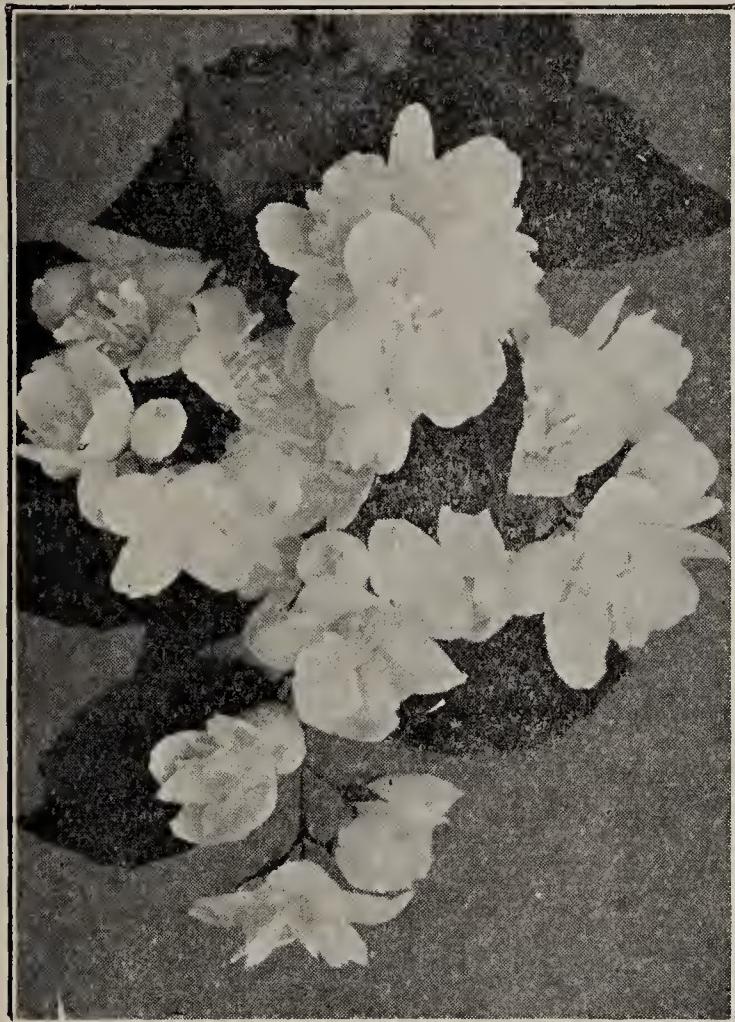
18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$1.25 per 10; \$6.00 per 100.

Berberis Thunbergii Atropurpurea.—(Purple Leaved Japanese Berberry).—A beautiful novelty and very attractive lawn plant for clump or specimen plantings. Color of foliage is bright, shining deep red similar to Japan Maples. Dwarf.

15 in., 35c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Everything on this page by Parcel Post at prices quoted, postage C.O.D. if it exceeds 10 cents.

Lilac, French Hybrids.—We have several of the newest and best varieties in assorted colors, strong one year old grafts. They blossom very young.



Philadelphus Virginal

Philadelphus Virginal.—A double white variety that has very large fragrant blooms that completely cover the bush in May and June, also gives some bloom all summer.

We recommend this as one of the finest of all flowering shrubs. Bloom sweeter and better than the old fashioned Orange Blossom Syringa, medium height.

3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.
2 to 3 ft., 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Spirea Anthony Waterer.—Very dwarf, constant bloomers from June to October, flowers bright crimson as also is the young growth, a splendid specimen.

18 to 24 in., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Spirea Trichiocarpa.—(Korean Spirea).—A large dome shaped bush with glossy green foliage, flowers earlier than VanHouttei and in greater profusion, bloom is snowy white marked with darker eyes.

3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Spirea VanHouttei.—An upright shrub with graceful, slender branches with bright green foliage. The flowers are of pure white in great clusters by reason of its free blooming habit, presents a magnificent appearance.

2 to 3 ft., 20c each; 3 for 50c; 10 for \$1.25.
3 to 4 ft., 25c each; 3 for 60c; 10 for \$1.50.

40c each; 3 kinds for \$1.00.
Lilac, Common Purple.—The well known Purple variety.
15 to 18 in., 20c each.

Lilac, Common White.—The pure white variety of such pleasing fragrance. 15 to 18 inch, 20c each.

Lonicera Morrowi.—One of the finest of all the berried bushes, white flowers, tinted cream of pleasing fragrance blooming over a long period beginning earlier than all other shrubs, strong flowers. Tall spreading. 4 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.

Lonicera Tartarica Rosea.—Free bloomer of splendid habit, twigs gray, large pink flowers.

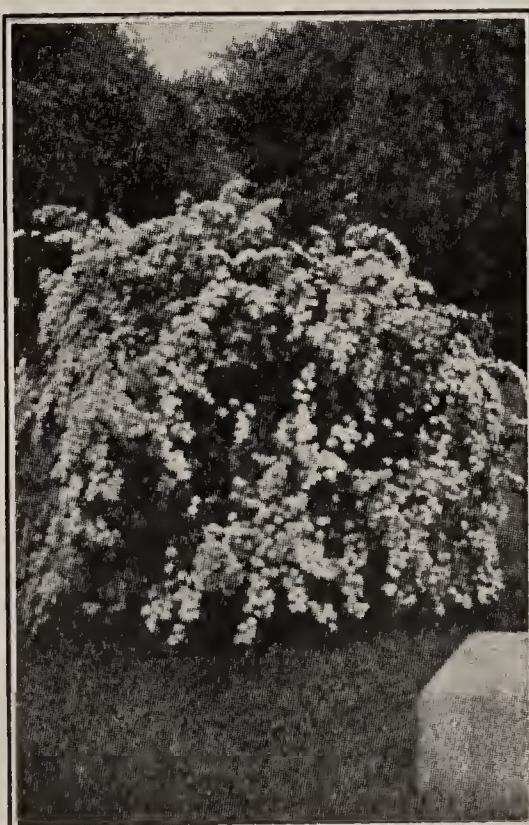
Also Rubra, a red, and Alba, a white, of this type. Medium upright. 4 ft., 30c each; 3 for 75c.

Philadelphus Coronarius.—(Syringa).—A splendid bush bearing pure white flowers of great fragrance. Tall upright. Also called Mock Orange.

4 to 5 ft., 35c each; 3 for 75c;
10 for \$2.00.

Potentilla Fruticosa.—(Cinquefoil).—The flowers are pure yellow, the bush in bloom is a solid mass of gold. Half dwarf.

2 ft., 40c each; 3 for \$1.00.



Spirea VanHouttei

Calycanthus Floridus.—(Sweet Shrub).—The old garden sweet shrub bearing chocolate colored fragrant flowers. Medium. 3 ft., **35c** each.

Cercis Canadensis.—(American Red Bud).—Its branches are covered with clusters of rosy pink flowers before the leaves appear, attractive foliage, is called Judas Tree by some. Tall. 4 ft., **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Cydonia Japonica.—(Apple Japonica).—(Japan Quince).—The well known old garden favorite scarlet flowering bush that blooms early in May. Medium and spreading. 12 to 15 in., **30c** each; 3 for **75c**.

Deutzia Crenata.—Profuse bloomer, beautiful double pink flowers. Medium. 4 to 5 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Deutzia Gracilis.—A round, compact shrub that is very graceful and pretty and when in bloom is a most beautiful mass of white and green. Dwarf. 18 to 24 inches, heavy, bushy clumps, **35c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Deutzia Lemoinei.—A dwarf pyramid shrub slightly stronger grower than Gracilis and large flowers. Very handsome during June. Medium dwarf. 2 to 3 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**; 18 to 24 in., **35c** each; 3 for **80c**.

Deutzia Pride of Rochester.—White flowering shrub with splendid foliage. When in bloom is a most beautiful mass of white and green. Very tall upright. 4 to 5 ft., **35c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Forsythia, Fortunei.—Erect branches, large rich green leaves, early yellow flowers. The first shrub to bloom in the spring. Tall. 4 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Forsythia Spectabilis.—The finest of all Forsythia, several shades darker than the above, foliage of a darker glossy green. Tall. 3 feet, **30c** each; 3 for **75c**.

Forsythia Suspensa.—(Weeping Golden Bell).—A very valuable garden plant. The branches form arches of gold. Low spreading. 3 to 4 ft., **30c** each; 3 for **50c**.

Forsythia Virridissima.—Tall spreading habit and the leaves turn in autumn to rich colorings. Makes a wonderful background. Deep green foliage. Tall. 3 to 4 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **75c**.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.—It grows three to four feet high, is perfectly hardy in all parts of the country; needs no protection in winter. The flowers are pure white afterwards changing to pink and rich coppery red, and are borne in immense pyramidal trusses nearly a foot long and nearly as much in diameter. Half dwarf spreading.

2 to 2½ ft., **25c** each; 3 for **60c**; **\$1.50** per 10; **\$2.50** per 20.

Viburnum Plicatum.—(Japan Snowball).—White flowers, large, the balls are often over three inches across. The bush grows with the branches at right angles to the main stem, the dark foliage is beautifully crimped. 3 to 4 ft., **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Weigela Eva Rathke.—Bears a beautiful dark rich reddish purple flower and is a very free bloomer. 2 to 3 ft., **40c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**.

Weigela Rosea.—Flowers medium-sized to large, rose pink. 3 to 4 ft., **25c** each; 3 for **60c**.

BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS SUPERIOR QUALITY because

They are many times transplanted, have large well rooted balls and splendid dark foliage.

The **Rhododendron** is the showiest and most magnificent hardy evergreen shrub that grows. In early summer there are no flowers more gorgeous than these. They are simply a solid mass of rich colored bloom.

They will do well in any moist soils free from limestone.

Hybrids Grafted with flowering buds.

18 to 24 in., **\$3.00** each; 2 to 2½ ft., **\$4.00** each; 3 ft., **\$4.50** each.

Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys.—Color, aniline red, large petals and trusses and handsome foliage, very hardy, robust growth and good habit.

Everestianum.—Large trusses of rosy lilac, compact grower, well shaped, bushy.

Amphion.—Clear pink, with white eye, free flowering, large trusses.

President Lincoln.—Lilac pink with brown eye well formed trusses.

Catawbiense Grandiflora.—Large flowering, rosy lilac and bright violet.

Mrs. C. S. Sargent.—Rosy red or deep pink and the best of its color, good foliage.

Roseum Elegans.—Clear rose pink with unexcelled foliage, compact grower.

NATIVE RHODODENDRONS

Catawbiense.—Large, rosy purple flowers with large trusses and good foliage.

18 to 24 in., with buds, \$1.50 each; \$12.50 per 10.

2 ft., well budded, \$2.00 each; \$17.50 per 10.

Maximum.—Light pink and white shaded with lavender, the most beautiful foliage of the Rhododendrons. Splendid in masses.

18 to 24 inch, balled and burlapped, \$1.25 each; \$11.00 per 10.

2 to 2½ ft., balled and burlapped, \$1.75 each; \$15.00 per 10.

AZALEAS

There is nothing else that does so well everywhere. The evergreen varieties are beautiful all year and when in bloom all varieties are unsurpassed for beauty. They will give wonderful results any place not too close to foundations provided there is no fresh manure or lime in the soil. Our plants are well budded.

Azalea Hinodegiri.—(Evergreen).—Large leaves and light green, flowers large of bright crimson that is brilliant and charming. It is a profuse bloomer. The most popular of all Azaleas. Every home should have some.

10 inch, full of buds	\$1.00 each	3 for \$2.50	\$ 7.50 per 10
12 inch, full of buds	1.25 each	3 for 3.50	10.00 per 10
15 inch, full of buds	1.50 each	3 for 4.00	12.50 per 10
15 to 18 inch, full of buds	2.00 each	3 for 5.25	15.00 per 10

Azalea Amoena.—(Evergreen).—Flowers are bright rosy purple. Dwarf with small green hairy foliage which turns bronze in fall and winter. It is literally covered with bloom in May.

12 inch	\$.75 each	3 for \$2.00	\$ 6.00 per 10
15 inch	1.20 each	3 for 3.50	9.00 per 10
18 inch	1.50 each	3 for 4.00	12.00 per 10

Azalea Mucronulatum.—This blooms with Forsythia and its large flowers of lavender and soft pink tone makes a wonderful color contrast with that flower. The blooms cover the plant before the leaves break out.

3 ft., full of buds, \$2.50 each.

EVERGREENS SUPERIOR QUALITY

because

They are transplanted very frequently, none less than 4 times, thus ensuring plenty of fine roots, holding the dirt well. They are sheared twice each year. We never dig them ahead so they are all fresh dug.

During the dreary and cold months nothing but the foliage of evergreens successfully tempers the dead gray or cold white.

Every group of flowering shrubs should contain at least one evergreen for winter effect. Do not mass too many evergreens in a small space nor plant closer than three feet to foundations.

Let us help you select the varieties best suited to your needs, this costs you nothing and the only return we ask is the privilege of bidding on your list.

Biota Aurea Nana.—A compact grower, foliage is deep golden in color, dwarf.

15 to 18 inches, \$1.00; 18 to 21 inches, \$1.50.

Abies Concolor.—(Silver Fir).—A hardy tree with foliage of rich silvery green.

2 ft., \$2.00; 3 ft., \$3.00.

Juniperus Communis Depressa Plumosa.—(Andora Juniper).—In winter this dwarf, spreading evergreen presents a striking and attractive coloring of rich purple bronze, beginning with the earliest frosts. Summer foliage is a bright green.

Spread 2 ft., \$2.00; 8 inches, \$1.50.

Juniperus Excelsa Stricta.—(Spiny Greek Juniper).—A broad base perfect pyramid that is very compact, foliage is a rich shiny deep glaucous green very formal and attractive. The deep bright green prevails all winter. Its color, compactness and perfect shape is pleasing always. 15 inches, 50c; 18 inches, 80c; 2 ft., \$1.25; 2½ ft., \$1.50.

Juniperus Hibernica.—(Irish Juniper).—A narrow spiral dark green pyramid, very pleasing. Very symmetrical in form, quite blue in winter. 3 ft., splendid specimens, \$1.50.

***Juniperus Chinensis***

Pfitzeriana. — (Pfitzer Juniper) — A very hardy spreading variety suited for any location as it will stand heat, cold, and drought. The foliage forms a series of silvery green plumes of great beauty.

Spread 2 ft., \$1.25
2½ ft., \$1.50
3 ft., \$1.75

Juniperus Communis

Suecica. — (Swedish Juniper). — A narrow pyramid, quick growing, is the best of its type, being harder, of lighter color than Irish Juniper. 2½ ft., \$1.50.

Juniperus Communis Aurea. — A beautiful low

spreading golden plumed variety that holds its golden shade all season. 2 ft. spread, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inches, \$1.25; 2½ ft., \$1.75.

Juniperus Sabina Tamariscifolia. — A very low growing evergreen that has dense bluish green and shining foliage, clings close to the ground. 3 ft. spread, \$2.00; 2½ ft., \$1.25; 2 ft., \$1.00.

Juniperus Virginiana Burki. — A very distinctive and handsome blue type of Juniper that is very dense and hardy. Dense, needs no shearing.

2½ ft., \$1.50; 3 ft., \$2.00.

Juniperus Virginiana Glauca. — (Silver Cedar). — Very uniform, upright grower with steel blue foliage with pendulous young growth that is very graceful.

18 inch, \$1.00; 2 ft., \$1.50; 2½ ft., \$2.00; 3 ft., \$2.50.

Picea Excelsa. — (Norway Spruce). — A rapid grower with deep green foliage symmetrical and graceful. Properly headed back it makes a dense specimen. Thrifty and hardy everywhere it becomes an ideal screen, windbreak or specimen. Our stock is many times transplanted and well rooted.

12 to 15 inch, 50c; \$4.00 per 10; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; \$6.00 per 10.

3 to 4 ft., \$1.25; \$10.00 per 10; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.00; \$17.00 per 10.

Picea Pungens. — (Colorado Spruce). — A symmetrical grower, branches uniformly placed forming specimens, foliage light green, from Koster seed.

15 inches, 50c; 18 inches, 75c; 2 ft., \$1.00; 2½ ft., \$1.25; 3 ft., \$1.50.

Picea Pungens Kosteri. — (Kosters Blue Spruce). — This is the true vivid tipped spruce that is so popular and attractive. Most compact and blue type. Our Kosters show that beautiful steel blue on every branch.

Prices range about \$4.00 per foot in height.

Mugho Pine. — A low dense spreading evergreen of many stems branching out close to the ground. Starting along the ground and then turning upward in even regular growth. The color is deep green, very hardy and will succeed in places where no other evergreens survive.

Spread 2 ft., \$1.50; 2½ ft., \$2.00; 3 ft., \$2.25.

Pseudotsuga Douglasi. — (Douglas Fir). — Growth is compact and symmetrical, the young shoots vary in color from blue to green.

4 ft., extra fine, \$2.50; 4½ ft., \$3.50.

Retinospora Filifera. — (Thread Cypress). — It has long slender branches that droop and spread making a very beautiful compact round specimen of bright green.

Spread 15 inches, 50c; 18 inches, 75c; 2 ft., \$1.25; 2½ ft., \$1.50; 3 ft., \$2.00.

Retinospora Obtusa Nana. — Very dwarf, seldom grows taller than 3 feet. The twisted little foliage is a very bright green all year. We believe it to be the prettiest of all evergreens, as well as the least affected by cold.

12 inches, \$1.50; 15 inches, \$2.00; 18 inches, \$2.50; 21 inches, \$3.00.

Retinopora Pisifera.—(Sawara Cypress).—Quick grower, pyramid form and very graceful branches, foliage an attractive green, perfectly hardy.

18 to 24 inches, **75c**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.00**; 3 ft., **\$1.50**.

Retinopora Pisifera Aurea.—(Golden Cypress).—The fastest growing and hardest of all the golden tipped evergreens. Very graceful and by shearing once a year it becomes very compact, the foliage is splendid.

18 inches, **60c**; 2 ft., **75c**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.00**; 3 ft., **\$1.50**; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$2.00**.

Retinopora Plumosa.—(Plume Cypress).—Stem is erect but the branches are gracefully slender and drooping, the foliage is dense, delicate, and glaucous.

2 ft., **75c**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.00**; 3 ft., **\$1.50**.

Retinopora Plumosa Aurea.—A golden type of the above variety, still more delicate, it is justly one of the most popular evergreens. Our stock is sheared and root pruned, every plant is perfect.

2 ft., **\$1.50**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$2.00**; 3 ft., **\$2.50**, extra fine.

Retinopora Squarrosa Veitchii.—A very dense grower forming a round bush, the foliage is feathery bluish green, its delicate form and color make it very popular. For large compact specimens it is unequalled.

18 inches, **75c**; 2 ft., **\$1.00**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.25**; 3 ft., **\$2.00**.

Taxus Cuspidata.—(Japanese Yew).—Rich dark green foliage, rather bushy spreading habit, very hardy and splendid for foundation plantings. Does equally well in shade and sun, it is about the only evergreen for complete shade.

Thuya Occidentalis.—(American Arbor Vitae).—Slender pyramid with broad base, bronzy in winter, good hedge for screen or windbreak.

Thuya Occidentalis Compacta.—(Parsons Arbor Vitae).—A very compact form with bright green foliage, hardy, of slow growth. One of the best for foundation or group plantings. Almost globe shaped.

12 in., **50c**; 15 in., **60c**; 18 in., **75c**; 2 ft., **\$1.00**.

Thuya Occidentalis Ellwangeriana.—(Tom Thumb Arbor Vitae).—Evergreen. Has heather-like leaves; dense habit; soft, close texture. Forms low, broad, blunt pyramid. Rich purple winter coloring.

15 inches, **40c**; 18 inches, **60c**; 21 inches, **75c**; 2 ft., **\$1.00**; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.25**.

Thuya Occidentalis Globosa.—(Globe Arbor Vitae).—Grows naturally without training into a round ball that is a very compact mass of splendid green foliage.

12 in., **40c**; 15 in., **50c**; 18 in., **75c**; 21 in., **\$1.00**.

Thuya Occidentalis Lutea.—(Golden Arbor Vitae).—An improved form of the Geo. Peabody. Showy yellow foliage in winter with a golden yellow coloring for spring and summer.

15 in., **50c**; 18 in., **75c**; 24 in., **\$1.00**; 4 ft., extra fine, **\$2.50**.

Thuya Plicata.—(Moss Arbor Vitae).—Rich, deep blue-green, short stiff branches, very pleasing and rather formal pyramid.

15 in., **50c**; 18 in., **65c**; 2 ft., **85c**.

Thuya Occidentalis Pyramidalis.—A tall slender evergreen, the very narrowest of all, often twenty feet tall and but two or three at base. The foliage is denser than that of the American form and it holds its handsome green better in winter. Prefers sun. Excellent for tall accent, height or contrast at entrances or in the garden.

18 in., **50c**; 2 ft., **75c**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.00**; 3 ft., **\$1.25**; 4 ft., **\$1.50**.

Thuya Occidentalis Vervaeneana.—Smaller and denser than American Arbor Vitae, branches slenderer and more graceful, yellowish tinted in summer and bronzy in winter.

18 in., **50c**; 2 ft., **75c**; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.00**; 3 ft., **\$1.25**; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., **\$1.50**.

Tsuga Canadensis.—(Hemlock).—We conclude our list of evergreens in this variety which, in our opinion, is the best all-purpose evergreen of all. It is hardy, holds its color, is graceful with delicate foliage. It improves with hard shearing and for groups, specimens or as a background the sheared trees are most attractive, for hedges or windbreaks it is dense and unbreakable, for large trees it attains considerable height quickly and its gracefully drooping branches are magnificent, sleet and snow only serves to enhance their beauty without damaging.

	Each	Per 3	Per 10
2 feet (balled and sheared)	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$ 7.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ feet (balled and sheared)	1.25	3.00	10.00
3 feet (balled and sheared)	2.00	5.00	16.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ feet (balled and sheared)	3.00	8.00	24.00
4 feet (balled and sheared), extra fine	4.00	10.00	

Thuya Orientalis Compacta.—(Seibold Arbor Vitae).—A compact oval specimen, good persistent green with beautiful winter shading, foliage fine and feathery. 18 in., 75c; 2 ft., \$1.00; 2½ ft., \$1.25; 2½ to 3 ft., \$1.50.

Thuya Orientalis Elegantissima.—A low growing columnar evergreen with bright golden tips in spring and yellowish green during the winter, foliage thick and upright, the best dwarf golden tipped variety.

15 in., 50c; 18 in., 75c; 2 ft., \$1.00; 2½ ft., \$1.25.

ADDITIONAL STOCK NOT DESCRIBED

Catalpa Bungeii.—(Umbrella Tree).—3 year heads. \$1.00 each.

Oak.—Pinoak.—(*Quercus Palustris*).—8 to 10 ft., \$2.50; 9 to 11 ft., \$3.00.

Oak.—Red Oak.—(*Quercus Rubra*).—6 to 8 ft., \$2.50.

Magnolia Lennei—Rich deep purple. 3 ft., \$3.00; 4 ft., \$3.50.

Mountain Laurel.—(*Kalmia Latifolia*).—2 ft., \$1.00; 2½ ft., \$1.50.

Inkberry.—(*Ilex Glabra*).—18 in., \$1.00; 2 ft., \$1.50; 2½ ft., \$2.00.

Japan Holly.—(*Ilex Crenata*).—2 ft., \$2.00; 2½ ft., \$2.50.

Cotoneaster Horizontalis.—Evergreen with berries. 12 in., \$1.50.

Cotoneaster Microphylla.—Evergreen, deep green berries. 12 in., \$1.50.

English Box.—(*Buxus Suffruticosa*).—6 to 8 inches, 50c; 10 for \$4.00.

Azaleas.—Calendulacea.—(Flame).—3 ft., \$2.50.

Azaleas.—Mollis.—(Chinese).—18 in., \$2.00.

Azaleas.—(*Kaempferi* Hybrids).—12 in., \$2.00; 2 ft., \$5.00.

Yew.—(Dwarf).—(*Taxus Brevifolia*).—15 in., \$2.00.

AMERICAN HOLLY

Ilex Opaca.—(American Holly).—Wonderful for its masses of red berries in winter. Large trees are difficult to transplant but young twice transplanted stock starts off at once and under favorable conditions grow very rapidly.

Seedling from the best bearer we ever saw, 12 inch, 50c; 15 inch 75c.

Grafted from above mentioned tree, 6 to 8 inch, 75c; 8 to 10 inch, \$1.00.

Also **Japan Maples**.

EVERBLOOMING ROSES SUPERIOR QUALITY because

They are extra strong tops with plenty of roots.

Unless otherwise quoted.

50c each; 3 for \$1.25; \$4.00 per 10.

Postage prepaid up to 10 cents; if above that C.O.D.

Talisman.—Fragrant, golden, yellow, stained copper red.

Souvenir de Claudio Pernet.—The true yellow everbloomer.

Radiance.—Large, brilliant rose pink, one of the best.

Red Radiance.—Bright, rosy red form of Radiance.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.—A popular very double white.

Etoile de Hollande.—The finest dark red bedding rose.

NEW VARIETIES

E. G. Hill.—Crimson, vigorous and fragrant, 75c.

Editor McFarland.—Clear pink, vigorous garden variety. \$1.00.

Autumn.—Very double, fragrant, burnt orange, stained red. \$1.00.

President Plumecocq.—Coppery yellow and buff, very healthy, \$1.00.

BLUEBERRY PLANTS

Whitesbog

HYBRIDIZED HUCKLEBERRIES

Some of these grow to be three quarters of an inch in diameter and are exceedingly prolific. They grow well among Azaleas and Rhododendrons and in the winter the richly colored branches are very attractive.

One bush properly cared for will produce more and better fruit than you could gather in half a day from wild ones. Until we saw these in bearing we could not believe the tall stories that were told about them.

For varieties and prices see fourth cover page.

HEDGING

By Parcel Post at prices quoted, postage C.O.D.

Plant the distance apart as noted in parentheses.

California Privet.—The well known hedge with glossy green leaves that persist late in winter. It can be sheared to any shape, height and width.

12 to 18 in., (6 inch), **60c** per 10; **\$1.50** per 100; **\$12.00** per 1,000.

18 to 24 in., (6 inch), **75c** per 10; **\$2.00** per 100; **\$15.00** per 1,000.

2 to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft., (8 inch), **\$1.00** per 10; **\$3.00** per 100.

Berberis Thunbergii.—Its bright foliage in summer, its many shades after frost until mid-winter and the beautiful red berries during fall and winter are all attractive features. Needs but little care nor do they need shearing. They make ideal plantings along foundations to hide the bare spots along the wall and the wall itself.

15 to 18 inch, (12 inch), **\$1.00** per 10; **\$4.00** per 100.

Spiraea Van Houttei.—For dividing hedge between parts of the lawn or between lawn and garden or between neighbor's there is nothing in the flowering shrub line that can equal it.

3 to 4 ft., (18 inch), **\$2.00** per 10; **\$15.00** per 100.

CLIMBING VINES

English Ivy.—(Hedera Helix).—Valuable as an evergreen ground cover or as a cover for wall. **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**, postpaid.

Clematis Paniculata.—A fast growing climber that produces great masses of pure white fragrant flowers. Strong plants, **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**, postpaid.

Bitter Sweet.—(Celastrus Scandens).—A rapid growing vine with large leaves and yellow flowers, scarlet seeds in winter. **35c** each; 3 for **\$1.00**; 10 for **\$2.50**, postpaid.

Euonymus Vegetus.—A low growing shrubby clinging vine that makes a beautiful covering for rather high foundation. 15 to 18 in., **50c** each; 3 for **\$1.25**.

Wisteria Sinensis.—Purple, popular vine. Grafted, assuring early bloom. 2 ft., **60c** each.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND INSPECTION Harry B. Weiss, Chief

No. 466.

Trenton, N. J., September 5, 1933.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY That we have this 28th day of August, 1933, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 268, Laws of 1916, State of New Jersey, inspected or caused to be inspected by a duly appointed Inspector the general nursery stock growing in the Village Nurseries of Jos. H. Black, Son & Co., proprietors at Hightstown in Mercer County, New Jersey, and have found the same apparently free from San Jose Scale and other dangerously injurious insect pests and dangerously destructive plant diseases. We further certify that the nursery has a properly constructed house for fumigation with hydrocyanic acid gas.

This certificate expires September 1st, 1934, and covers only stock actually in the nurseries when examined.

THOMAS J. HEADLEE, State Entomologist.
WM. H. MARTIN, State Plant Pathologist.

RALPH B. LOTT, Chief Inspector.

REPLACEMENTS.—With the kind of stock we send out there is none necessary unless the soil or the weather or transportation company is to blame and you cannot expect us to make good these kind of losses. The man who agrees to replace such losses either does not or charges you in the first place many times what replacement would cost.

NOTICE.—All claims for defective stock must be made at once upon receipt of same. Address all orders and communications to

JOS. H. BLACK, SON & CO.

HIGHTSTOWN, N. J.

PHONE 342-J or (342-M in evenings)



Franklinia Alatamaha

Whitesbog Blueberries.—They follow raspberries and will furnish fruit of very large size for a month.

Flowers, foliage and fruit are ornamental in summer and the red twigs are beautiful in winter.

Plant in same kind of peaty soil as Azaleas and Rhododendrons, in fact, very attractive with them. We only list the three most desirable varieties but can do several more.

Rancocas.—A very large berried hybrid.

10 to 12 inch, \$1.50 each, postpaid.
15 to 18 inch, \$2.20 each, by express.

Concord.—A strong, upright hybrid with bright red twigs, berries often three quarters of an inch, fine flavor.

10 to 12 inch, \$1.50 each, postpaid.
15 to 18 inch, \$2.20 each, by express.

Jersey.—A new hybrid bearing berries the largest of all. Very late and good keeper. The best of them.

10 to 12 inch, \$2.50 each, postpaid.
15 to 18 inch, \$3.50 each, by express.

Franklinia Altamaha.—

The Franklinia as you will see by the cut is a large flowering shrub or small tree, bearing snowy, frilly flowers three inches across.

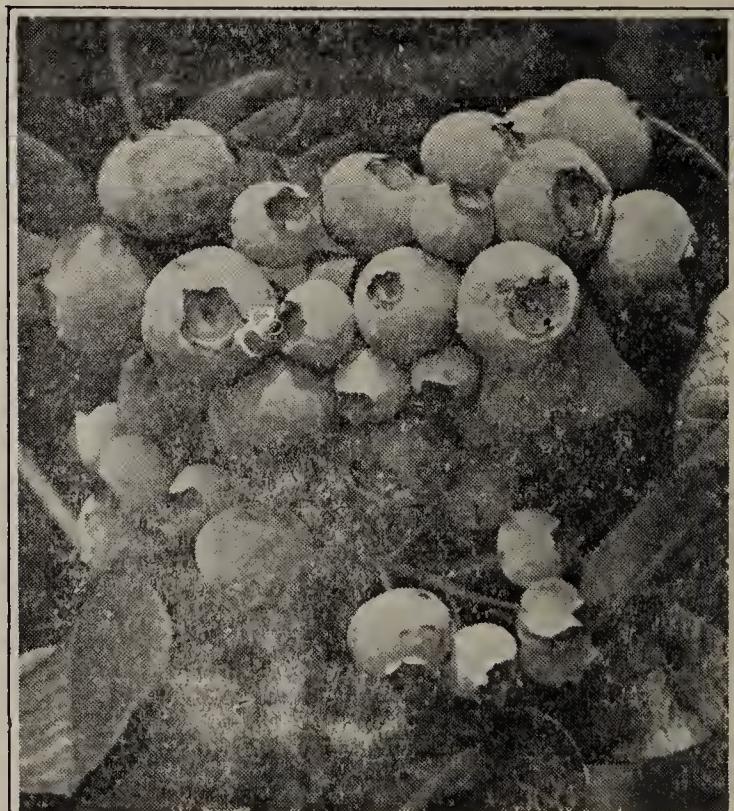
The stamens are orange-gold and the fragrance is delicate and pleasing.

It blooms every year beginning in mid-August and continuing until hard frosts even on young stock.

The young leaves are a delicate bronzy red becoming 5 to 6 inches long by 1½ to 2 inches of rich dark green with red veining. The same peaty soil that Azaleas, blueberries and Rhododendrons is best for them.

12 to 15 inch at
\$3.00 each, postpaid.

1½ to 2 ft. at
\$5.00 each, by express.



Jersey Blueberry

JOS. H. BLACK, SON & CO.

HIGHTSTOWN, N. J.